

FILED
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
United States Federal

2018 FEB -6 DISTRICT COURT, Salt Lake City, Utah

DISTRICT OF UTAH

Case # 2:17-cv-00948

BY: Robert Louis Brown
DEPUTY CLERK

Plaintiff) 355 Brookside Dr Springville, Utah

84663

V Gov. Gary Herbert, 350 N STATE STREET SUITE 200 SL CANTAH 84114
Utah Lt. Governor Spencer Cox Utah State Capitol Complex
PO BOX 142325 SL CANTAH 84114

And Utah Republican Party, Utah Republican Party

Chairman Rob Anderson, 117 East, South Temple
(Defendants) SL CANTAH 84111

To Court, Judge I'm Amending my Complaint, Lawsuit,
I want, Utah Republican Party, And Chairman Rob Anderson
To Respond, here's why yr 2017 I SENT Rob Anderson By C
MAIL a Letter Letting him know Utah Gov. Gary Herbert,
Lt. Gov. Spencer Cox Committed Fraud, Cheating, OATH
OF OFFICE VIOLATION, PERJURY, ABUSE OF OFFICE Failure
OF duty in my CIVIL Rights case yr 2015- now.

I LOST BIG MONEY ETC. BECAUSE GOV. G.H., NEGLECT

TO DO HIS JOB, duty as Utah Governor, I'll FILE
Lawsuit April 2018, For Money damages, Rob Anderson
never Respond to my Letter, he knew, knows About
Lawsuit I FILE in Federal Court on 8/22/17, Rob
Anderson Coverup for Utah Gov. Gary Herbert
Rob Anderson Should Resign As Utah

(2)

Utah Repub. lican Chairman, he didn't contact Utah Central Committee, so the committed could have removed, Utah Gov. Gary Herbert, and Lt. Gov. Spencer Cox from PUBLIC OFFICE. It's about PUBLIC TRUST, Moral Values, Integrity, Serving people of Utah in good ways, Being honest, with the PUBLIC, Voters, the Democracy in State of Utah is falling apart, dishonest, Mormon PUBLIC OFFICIALS. Why is so much corruption in Utah politics, What's up,

(Emotional Stress)
* (A BUSE OF OFFICE Failure of duty)

Me too, times up, I'm a victim, I losted big money ect. Because Utah Gov. GH, Lt. Gov. Spencer Cox, didn't neglect to do their JOBS. In my Federal CIVIL Rights case, they had my case since May 2015 now. They refuse, to settle, talk to me about my case ect. It's Racism, I'm Black not from Utah, to court, Judge other Utah PUBLIC OFFICIAL knew it was A BUSE OF Power, Racism, perjury, cheating, dishonest, Scam, Deception, by Utah Gov. Gary, Lt. Gov. Spencer Cox, PUBLIC OFFICIAL did nothing, The disgraceful, thing is Deception by Gov. GH, Lt. Gov. SC, They LIED, Scam, Cheated Utah Voters in Gov. Election yr 2016 perjury is a high crime,

(3)

We must stop all Abuse

on all people, Abuse of Power, Office Etc.

(Abuse of Office Failure of duty)

IS A Misdemeanor, under Utah

Const, And US. Const, Utah Gov. Gary ^{Bern} Herbert,
LT. Gov. Spencer Cox, Broken Laws, Oath Office
Violation in Utah Gov. Election yr 2016.

= MOTION =

Mr J Johnson Should Be Utah next
Gov. As Ap. he was cheated in ^{Utah} Gov. ^{ELECTION} yr 2016

= MOTION To Court To Throw out Utah
Gov. Election, For Fraud, Lieing, Deception, Etc.
In Utah Governor Election yr 2016. Utah Senator

= MOTION To have Utah Gov. Gary Herbert, ^{in PUBLIC} Office

And LT. Gov. Spencer Cox, Repay the
State of Utah their Salary from yr 2016 now,

It's tax payers money, And Utah Election
man Mark Thomas To (Utah Republican)

(Chairman Rob Anderson Accessory To A Crime After)

To Court, Judge, People of
Utah Being Very Good To, Gary Herbert.

LT. Gov. Spencer Cox, But Mr Cox, Mr Herbert
Deceived, Scam, Lied to Utah Voters yr 2016 ^{ELECTION}

Robert Louis Brown (801) 245-0451

355 Brook Side Dr Springville, Utah 84663



Office of the Governor



State of Utah

GARY R. HERBERT
Governor

SPENCER J. COX
Lieutenant Governor

February 4, 2016

Robert Brown
PO Box 511223
Salt Lake City UT 84151

Dear Robert:

Thank you for your letter to the Office of the Governor. I have been asked to respond on behalf of the Governor.

Our office appreciates hearing from constituents and your comments and opinion regarding this issue have been noted. We have received your documents over the last several months, even forwarding them to the Utah Labor Commission for review. Despite many attempts, we have been unable to reach you via telephone. If you are interested in discussing these concerns with the Office of the Governor, you may reach a member of our staff at (801) 538-1000.

Thank you for taking time to contact us regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that appears to read "Austin Cox".

Austin Cox
Constituent Services

LETTER ISN'T
ALL TRUTHFUL

To court, Judge
THIS LETTER
PROVES, UTAH GOV.
GIT. HAD MY CIVIL
RIGHTS CASE, SINCE
MAY 2015 - NOW

~~ABUSE OF OFFICE~~
Failure of duty
CRIME

AUSTIN COX RESIGN 4/2016

The Oath of Office

[Home](#) [Utah Petition](#) [Federal Petition](#)

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial Officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution
—*the Constitution of the United States, Article VI*

It is impossible to be bound by Oath without a penalty for breaking the Oath, just as it is impossible to be bound by a contract or law without a penalty for breaking the law or Contract.

In order to become more compliant with Article VI of the Constitution of the United States, the supreme law of the land, it is proposed that we use the following wording for the Oath of Office required of all Utah state legislators and all Utah state judicial officers:

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) under penalties of perjury misdemeanors, high crimes and treason, that I will promote, preserve, protect and defend the supreme law of the land, this Constitution of the United States against all enemies or opposers, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will support the Utah Constitution and Utah laws in pursuance to the Constitution of the United States and will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter, so help me God."

Candidate Interviews with Loy Brunson 2010

For more information please contact:
arlan@theoathoffice.com

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PART 1
CORRUPT PRACTICES

76-8-101. Definitions.

For the purposes of this chapter:

- (1) "Candidate for electoral office" means a person who has filed as a candidate for office under the laws of the state.
- (2) "Party official" means any person holding any post in a political party whether by election, appointment, or otherwise.
- (3) "Peace officer" means any employee of a police or law enforcement agency that is part of or administered by the state or any of its political subdivisions, and whose duties consist primarily of the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions.
- (4) (a) "Pecuniary benefit" means any advantage in the form of money, property, commercial interest, or anything else, the primary significance of which is economic gain.
 (b) "Pecuniary benefit" does not include economic advantage applicable to the public generally, such as tax reduction or increased prosperity generally.
- (5) (a) "Public servant" means any officer or employee of the state or any political subdivision of the state, including judges, legislators, consultants, and persons otherwise performing a governmental function.
 (b) A person is considered a public servant upon his election, appointment, or other designation as such, although he may not yet officially occupy that position.

History: C. 1953, 76-8-101, enacted by L. 1973, ch. 196, § 76-8-101; 1988, ch. 229, § 7; 1993, ch. 42, § 1.

COLLATERAL REFERENCES

Am. Jur. 2d. — 12 Am. Jur. 2d Bribery § 11 C.J.S. — 11 C.J.S. Bribery § 1.
et seq.

76-8-102. Campaign contributions not prohibited.

76-8-201. Official misconduct in the performance of duty.

A public servant is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if, with an intent to benefit himself or another or to harm another, he knowingly commits an unauthorized act which purports to be an act of his office, or knowingly refrains from performing a duty imposed on him by law or clearly inherent in the nature of his office.

History: C. 1953, 76-8-201, enacted by L. 1973, ch. 196, § 76-8-201.

76-8-103. Bribery.

- (1) A person who offers, or agrees to offer, with the purpose of obtaining, a public servant, party official, or other person to do, or to cause to be done, any act in the person's official capacity, in the person's desired way, within the person's jurisdiction.
- (2) It is not a defense that:
 - (a) the person desired way, within the jurisdiction.
 - (b) the person desired way, within the jurisdiction.
 - (c) the benefit is:
 - (i) the nomination of the person.
 - (ii) the election of the person.
- (3) Bribery or corruption:
 - (a) a third person solicited, accepted, or received.
 - (b) a second person solicited, accepted, or received.

History: C. 1953, 76-8-103, enacted by L. 1973, ch. 196, § 76-8-103; 1991, ch. 215, § 1; 1993, ch. 30, § 166; 1993, ch. 42, § 1.

Cross-References

Am. Jur. 2d. — 12 C.J.S. — 11 C.J.S. A.L.R. — Furnish meals, lodging, or other benefits, as bribery. § 1.

76-8-104. Theft.

- (1) A person is guilty of theft if, with an intent to benefit himself or another or to harm another, he knowingly commits an unauthorized act which purports to be an act of his office, or knowingly refrains from performing a duty imposed on him by law or clearly inherent in the nature of his office.
- (2) As used in this section, "person" includes another person, and "destroy" includes:
 - (1) Unlawfully to damage, injure, or destroy.
 - (2) Unlawfully to damage, injure, or destroy.

Office of the Governor

of Utah

HERBERT
Governor

AUSTIN J. COX
Assistant Governor

February 4, 2016

Robert Brown
PO Box 511223
Salt Lake City UT 84151

Dear Robert:

Thank you for your letter to the Office of the Governor. I have been asked to respond on behalf of the Governor.

Our office appreciates hearing from constituents and your comments and opinion regarding this issue have been noted. We have received your documents over the last several months, even forwarding them to the Utah Labor Commission for review. Despite many attempts, we have been unable to reach you via telephone. If you are interested in discussing these concerns with the Office of the Governor, you may reach a member of our staff at (801) 538-1000.

Thank you for taking time to contact us regarding this matter.

Sincerely,



Austin Cox
Constituent Services

~~Mr~~ Mr AUSTIN
COX Resign
he left to me in this Letter

(B) the chief clerk of the House of Representatives, for a legislator that is a representative; or

(C) the lieutenant governor, for all other regulated officeholders.

(ii) The lieutenant governor, the secretary of the Senate, and the chief clerk of the House of Representatives shall ensure that blank financial disclosure forms are available on the Internet and at their offices.

(d) Financial disclosure forms that are filed under the procedures and requirements of this section shall be made available to the public:

(i) on the Internet; and

(ii) at the office where the form was filed.

(e) This section's requirement to disclose a conflict of interest does not prohibit a regulated officeholder from voting or acting on any matter.

(5) A regulated officeholder who violates the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

History: C. 1953, 76-8-109, enacted by L. 1973, ch. 196, § 76-8-109; 1995, ch. 191, § 1; 2010, ch. 12, § 5.

Amendment Notes. — The 2010 amendment, effective March 8, 2010, rewrote the section.

COLLATERAL REFERENCES

Utah Law Review. — Eligibility of Public Officers and Employees to Serve in the State Legislature: An Essay on Separation of Powers,

Politics, and Constitutional Policy, 1988 Utah L. Rev. 295 (1988).

76-8-110. Peace officer prohibited from acting as compensated collection agent for collection agencies or creditors.

(1) A peace officer may not have any interest in any collection agency or act as a compensated collection agent for any creditor or collection agency.

(2) A person that violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

History: C. 1953, 76-8-110, enacted by L. 1988, ch. 229, § 8; 1992, ch. 128, § 1.

PART 2

ABUSE OF OFFICE

76-8-201. Official misconduct — Unauthorized acts or failure of duty.

A public servant is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if, with an intent to benefit himself or another or to harm another, he knowingly commits an unauthorized act which purports to be an act of his office, or knowingly refrains from performing a duty imposed on him by law or clearly inherent in the nature of his office.

History: C. 1953, 76-8-201, enacted by L. 1973, ch. 196, § 76-8-201.

Act of office.
Defendant's conviction
although he may have ce-
rized act by distributing

Utah Law Review.
Misdemeanors: Removal
Office in Utah and the
Utah L. Rev. 665

76-8-202. Off "ins

A public servan
action is contemp
virtue of his offic
been made public

- (1) acquir
transaction,
information
- (2) specu
(3) know

History: C. 1953
1973, ch. 196, § 76

Am. Jur. 2d.
Officers and Empl

76-8-203.

- (1) A perso
attempts to e
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(2) Unof